

Reducing Health Care Associated Infections



85,149

fewer days with urinary catheters for Medicare beneficiaries



53%

relative improvement rate in reduced Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infections (CLABSI)

- Reducing the number of days in which a catheter is used is a major intervention for reducing Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)
- Worked with 667 participating facilities

 Worked with 148 participating facilities to improve central line insertion practices, maintenance practices and timely removal



Improving Transitions of Care



Nearly \$1 billion

in cost savings from combined QIO Programs

- Over 14,000,000 Medicare beneficiaries live in the communities served by the QIO Program
- The Program collectively saved over 27,000 people from being readmitted to the hospital and over 95,000 from being admitted to the hospital



Reducing Potential for Adverse Drug Events



44,640

potential adverse drug events were prevented

- Worked with 27, 650 Medicare beneficiaries
- 195,352 opportunities for adverse drug events



20%

absolute rate of improvement in controlling blood sugar level among participants screened

 People taking hypoglycemic medication for diabetes are in better control of their blood sugar. Among participants, the initial rate of people with diabetes who were screened with an A1c rate of ≥9 dropped from 33.6% to 17.2%



Initiatives in the Nursing Home Setting

Preventing or Healing Pressure Ulcers



3,374

pressure ulcers prevented or healed in 787 nursing homes

• 38% decrease in pressure ulcer rates among participating nursing homes

Minimizing the use of Physical Restraints in Nursing Homes



6,250

Medicare beneficiaries in 981 nursing homes are now restraint free

• 76% decrease in physical restraint rate among participating nursing homes

Partnering with more Nursing Homes



5,021

nursing homes recruited to participate in the National Nursing Home Quality Care Collaborative

 31% of nation's nursing homes participating in Medicare recruited



Improving Health for Populations and Communities



1,826

professionals recruited/assisted with Physician Quality Reporting System (PQRS) Electronic Health Record (EHR) 2012 reporting

Potentially affecting 4.1 million Medicare beneficiaries (based on 2,300 patients per doctor)

3,048 practices participating in Cardiac Population Health Learning and Action Networks

Potentially affecting 3,364,992 patients (based on 32% of U.S. practices with 1-2 physicians; 2,300 patients per doctor)